

1. Identification

Product identifier	POLYPRIMER SURFACER RED OXIDE	
Other means of identification		
Product code	KUS KPP109	
Recommended use	Industrial applications.	
Recommended restrictions	Professional use only	
Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information		
Manufacturer		
Company name	Custom Shop	
Address	6695 Rasha St. San Diego, CA 92121 United States	
Telephone	Customer Service	(858) 909-2110
Emergency phone number	CHEMTREC	(800) 424-9300

2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards	Flammable liquids	Category 2
Health hazards	Acute toxicity, oral	Category 4
	Acute toxicity, inhalation	Category 4
	Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 2
	Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 2A
	Germ cell mutagenicity	Category 1B
	Carcinogenicity	Category 1A
	Reproductive toxicity (the unborn child)	Category 2
	Specific target organ toxicity, repeated exposure	Category 1
Environmental hazards	Not classified.	
OSHA defined hazards	Not classified.	

Label elements



Signal word	Danger
Hazard statement	Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Harmful if swallowed. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. Harmful if inhaled. May cause genetic defects. May cause cancer. Suspected of damaging the unborn child. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Precautionary statement	
Prevention	Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Do not breathe the mist or vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wear eye protection/face protection. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Response	If swallowed: Call a poison center/doctor if you feel unwell. If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. Call a poison center/doctor if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. In case of fire: Use appropriate media to extinguish.
Storage	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Store locked up.
Disposal	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.
Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)	Static accumulating flammable liquid can become electrostatically charged even in bonded and grounded equipment. Sparks may ignite liquid and vapor. May cause flash fire or explosion.
Supplemental information	64.09% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute oral toxicity. 26.57% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute inhalation toxicity.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
MAGNESIUM SILICATE		14807-96-6	20 - < 30
ACETONE		67-64-1	10 - < 20
STYRENE MONOMER		100-42-5	10 - < 20
CALCIUM CARBONATE, LIMESTONE		1317-65-3	5 - < 10
IRON (III) OXIDE		1309-37-1	3 - < 5
METHYL ISOBUTYL KETONE(MIBK)		108-10-1	1 - < 3
n-BUTYL ACETATE		123-86-4	1 - < 3
SOLVENT NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM), LIGHT ALIPHATIC		64742-89-8	1 - < 3
CRYSTALLINE SILICA QUARTZ		14808-60-7	< 0.2

*The exact percentage (concentration) of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

4. First-aid measures

Inhalation	Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Oxygen or artificial respiration if needed. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.
Skin contact	Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
Eye contact	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.
Ingestion	Rinse mouth. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs. Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.
Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed	Dizziness. Headache. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.
Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed	Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Thermal burns: Flush with water immediately. While flushing, remove clothes which do not adhere to affected area. Call an ambulance. Continue flushing during transport to hospital. Keep victim warm. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.
General information	Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible). Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media	Alcohol resistant foam. Water fog. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical	Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. This product is a poor conductor of electricity and can become electrostatically charged. If sufficient charge is accumulated, ignition of flammable mixtures can occur. To reduce potential for static discharge, use proper bonding and grounding procedures. This liquid may accumulate static electricity when filling properly grounded containers. Static electricity accumulation may be significantly increased by the presence of small quantities of water or other contaminants. Material will float and may ignite on surface of water. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.
Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters	Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.
Fire fighting equipment/instructions	In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk.
Specific methods	Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.
General fire hazards	Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Transfer by mechanical means such as vacuum truck to a salvage tank or other suitable container for recovery or safe disposal. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools. Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Cover with plastic sheet to prevent spreading. Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal. Following product recovery, flush area with water. Small Spills: Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers for later disposal. Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination. Never return spills to original containers for re-use. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.
Environmental precautions	Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not handle, store or open near an open flame, sources of heat or sources of ignition. Protect material from direct sunlight. Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Minimize fire risks from flammable and combustible materials (including combustible dust and static accumulating liquids) or dangerous reactions with incompatible materials. Handling operations that can promote accumulation of static charges include but are not limited to: mixing, filtering, pumping at high flow rates, splash filling, creating mists or sprays, tank and container filling, tank cleaning, sampling, gauging, switch loading, vacuum truck operations. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Use non-sparking tools and explosion-proof equipment. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Avoid prolonged exposure. Do not taste or swallow. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Pregnant or breastfeeding women must not handle this product. Should be handled in closed systems, if possible. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Observe good industrial hygiene practices. For additional information on equipment bonding and grounding, refer to the Canadian Electrical Code in Canada, (CSA C22.1), or the American Petroleum Institute (API) Recommended Practice 2003, "Protection Against Ignitions Arising out of Static, Lightning, and Stray Currents" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 77, "Recommended Practice on Static Electricity" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 70, "National Electrical Code".
--------------------------------------	---

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store locked up. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Prevent electrostatic charge build-up by using common bonding and grounding techniques. Eliminate sources of ignition. Avoid spark promoters. Ground/bond container and equipment. These alone may be insufficient to remove static electricity. Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight. Store in original tightly closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

8. Exposure controls/personal protection**Occupational exposure limits****US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)**

Components	Type	Value	Form
ACETONE (CAS 67-64-1)	PEL	2400 mg/m ³ 1000 ppm	
CALCIUM CARBONATE, LIMESTONE (CAS 1317-65-3)	PEL	5 mg/m ³	Respirable fraction.
IRON (III) OXIDE (CAS 1309-37-1)	PEL	15 mg/m ³ 10 mg/m ³	Total dust. Fume.
METHYL ISOBUTYL KETONE(MIBK) (CAS 108-10-1)	PEL	410 mg/m ³	
n-BUTYL ACETATE (CAS 123-86-4)	PEL	100 ppm 710 mg/m ³ 150 ppm	

US. OSHA Table Z-2 (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Components	Type	Value
STYRENE MONOMER (CAS 100-42-5)	Ceiling	200 ppm
	TWA	100 ppm

US. OSHA Table Z-3 (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Components	Type	Value	Form
CRYSTALLINE SILICA QUARTZ (CAS 14808-60-7)	TWA	0.3 mg/m ³	Total dust.
		0.1 mg/m ³	Respirable.
		2.4 mppcf	Respirable.
MAGNESIUM SILICATE (CAS 14807-96-6)	TWA	0.3 mg/m ³	Total dust.
		0.1 mg/m ³	Respirable.
		20 mppcf	
		2.4 mppcf	Respirable.

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

Components	Type	Value	Form
ACETONE (CAS 67-64-1)	STEL	750 ppm	
	TWA	500 ppm	
CRYSTALLINE SILICA QUARTZ (CAS 14808-60-7)	TWA	0.025 mg/m ³	Respirable fraction.
IRON (III) OXIDE (CAS 1309-37-1)	TWA	5 mg/m ³	Respirable fraction.
MAGNESIUM SILICATE (CAS 14807-96-6)	TWA	2 mg/m ³	Respirable fraction.
METHYL ISOBUTYL KETONE(MIBK) (CAS 108-10-1)	STEL	75 ppm	
	TWA	20 ppm	
n-BUTYL ACETATE (CAS 123-86-4)	STEL	200 ppm	
	TWA	150 ppm	
STYRENE MONOMER (CAS 100-42-5)	STEL	40 ppm	
	TWA	20 ppm	

US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards

Components	Type	Value	Form
ACETONE (CAS 67-64-1)	TWA	590 mg/m3 250 ppm	
CALCIUM CARBONATE, LIMESTONE (CAS 1317-65-3)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Respirable.
CRYSTALLINE SILICA QUARTZ (CAS 14808-60-7)	TWA	10 mg/m3 0.05 mg/m3	Total Respirable dust.
IRON (III) OXIDE (CAS 1309-37-1)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Dust and fume.
MAGNESIUM SILICATE (CAS 14807-96-6)	TWA	2 mg/m3	Respirable.
METHYL ISOBUTYL KETONE(MIBK) (CAS 108-10-1)	STEL	300 mg/m3	
	TWA	75 ppm 205 mg/m3 50 ppm	
n-BUTYL ACETATE (CAS 123-86-4)	STEL	950 mg/m3	
	TWA	200 ppm 710 mg/m3 150 ppm	
STYRENE MONOMER (CAS 100-42-5)	STEL	425 mg/m3	
	TWA	100 ppm 215 mg/m3 50 ppm	

Biological limit values

ACGIH Biological Exposure Indices

Components	Value	Determinant	Specimen	Sampling Time
ACETONE (CAS 67-64-1)	50 mg/l	Acetone	Urine	*
METHYL ISOBUTYL KETONE(MIBK) (CAS 108-10-1)	1 mg/l	Methyl isobutyl ketone	Urine	*
STYRENE MONOMER (CAS 100-42-5)	400 mg/g	Mandelic acid plus phenylglyoxylic acid	Creatinine in urine	*
	0.2 mg/l	Styrene	Venous blood	*

* - For sampling details, please see the source document.

Exposure guidelines

US - California OELs: Skin designation

STYRENE MONOMER (CAS 100-42-5) Can be absorbed through the skin.

US - Minnesota Haz Subs: Skin designation applies

STYRENE MONOMER (CAS 100-42-5) Skin designation applies.

Appropriate engineering controls

Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Eye wash facilities and emergency shower must be available when handling this product.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection

Chemical respirator with organic vapor cartridge and full facepiece.

Skin protection

Hand protection

Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves. Suitable gloves can be recommended by the glove supplier.

Other

Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing. Use of an impervious apron is recommended.

Respiratory protection	Chemical respirator with organic vapor cartridge and full facepiece.
Thermal hazards	Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.
General hygiene considerations	When using do not smoke. Keep away from food and drink. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state	Liquid.
Form	Liquid.
Color	Red.
Odor	Styrene-like.
Odor threshold	Not available.
pH	Not available.
Melting point/freezing point	-137.2 °F (-94 °C) estimated
Initial boiling point and boiling range	132.8 °F (56 °C) estimated
Flash point	-0.4 °F (-18.0 °C) estimated
Evaporation rate	Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not applicable.

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Flammability limit - lower (%)	2.1 % estimated
Flammability limit - upper (%)	13 % estimated
Explosive limit - lower (%)	Not available.
Explosive limit - upper (%)	Not available.
Vapor pressure	45.32 hPa estimated
Vapor density	Not available.
Relative density	Not available.
Solubility(ies)	
Solubility (water)	Not available.
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	914 °F (490 °C) estimated
Decomposition temperature	Not available.
Viscosity	Not available.

Other information

Density	10.70 lbs/gal
Explosive properties	Not explosive.
Flammability class	Flammable IB estimated
Oxidizing properties	Not oxidizing.
Percent volatile	27.74 %
Specific gravity	1.28
VOC	2.04 lbs/gal (244.85 g/l) Coating VOC 1.63 lbs/gal (195.12 g/l) Material VOC 2 lbs/gal (240 g/l) Coating VOC as applied 1.76 lbs/gal (211 g/l) Material VOC as applied

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.
Chemical stability	Material is stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous reactions	Hazardous polymerization does not occur.
Conditions to avoid	Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Avoid temperatures exceeding the flash point. Contact with incompatible materials.
Incompatible materials	Strong acids. Aluminum. Peroxides. Fluorine.
Hazardous decomposition products	No hazardous decomposition products are known.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation	Harmful if inhaled. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure by inhalation.
Skin contact	Causes skin irritation.
Eye contact	Causes serious eye irritation.
Ingestion	Harmful if swallowed.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics Headache. Dizziness. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity Harmful if inhaled. Harmful if swallowed.

Components	Species	Test Results
ACETONE (CAS 67-64-1)		
<u>Acute</u>		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	> 5000 mg/kg
Inhalation		
LC50	Rat	> 20 mg/l, 4 Hours
Oral		
LD50	Rat	> 5000 mg/kg
METHYL ISOBUTYL KETONE(MIBK) (CAS 108-10-1)		
<u>Acute</u>		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	> 16000 mg/kg
Inhalation		
LC50	Rat	8.2 mg/l, 4 Hours
Oral		
LD50	Rat	2080 mg/kg
n-BUTYL ACETATE (CAS 123-86-4)		
<u>Acute</u>		
Inhalation		
LC50	Wistar rat	160 mg/l, 4 Hours
Oral		
LD50	Rat	14000 mg/kg
STYRENE MONOMER (CAS 100-42-5)		
<u>Acute</u>		
Inhalation		
LC50	Mouse	4940 ppm, 2 Hours
	Rat	2770 ppm, 4 Hours
		24 mg/l, 4 Hours
Oral		
LD50	Mouse	316 mg/kg

Components	Species	Test Results
	Rat	1 g/kg

* Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

Skin corrosion/irritation Causes skin irritation.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation Causes serious eye irritation.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Respiratory sensitization Not a respiratory sensitizer.

Skin sensitization This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization.

Germ cell mutagenicity May cause genetic defects.

Carcinogenicity May cause cancer.

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

CRYSTALLINE SILICA QUARTZ (CAS 14808-60-7)	1 Carcinogenic to humans.
IRON (III) OXIDE (CAS 1309-37-1)	3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.
METHYL ISOBUTYL KETONE(MIBK) (CAS 108-10-1)	2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.
STYRENE MONOMER (CAS 100-42-5)	2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not listed.

US. National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens

CRYSTALLINE SILICA QUARTZ (CAS 14808-60-7)	Known To Be Human Carcinogen.
STYRENE MONOMER (CAS 100-42-5)	Reasonably Anticipated to be a Human Carcinogen.

Reproductive toxicity Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure Not classified.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Aspiration hazard Not an aspiration hazard.

Chronic effects Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged inhalation may be harmful. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity The product is not classified as environmentally hazardous. However, this does not exclude the possibility that large or frequent spills can have a harmful or damaging effect on the environment.

Components	Species	Test Results
ACETONE (CAS 67-64-1)		
<i>Acute</i>		
Other	LC50	Micro-organisms > 100 mg/l
Aquatic		
<i>Acute</i>		
Algae	LC50	Algae > 100 mg/l
Crustacea	LC50	Crustacea > 100 mg/l
Fish	LC50	Fish > 100 mg/l
<i>Chronic</i>		
Crustacea	NOEC	Crustacea 10 - 100 mg/l
METHYL ISOBUTYL KETONE(MIBK) (CAS 108-10-1)		
Aquatic		
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas) 492 - 593 mg/l, 96 hours
n-BUTYL ACETATE (CAS 123-86-4)		
Aquatic		
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas) 17 - 19 mg/l, 96 hours
STYRENE MONOMER (CAS 100-42-5)		
Aquatic		
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna) 3.3 - 7.4 mg/l, 48 hours

Components	Species	Test Results
Fish	LC50	Sheepshead minnow (Cyprinodon variegatus)
		5.1 - 16 mg/l, 96 hours

* Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

Persistence and degradability No data is available on the degradability of this product.

Bioaccumulative potential

Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)

ACETONE	0.2, (log Pow)
METHYL ISOBUTYL KETONE(MIBK)	1.38
n-BUTYL ACETATE	1.78
STYRENE MONOMER	2.95

Mobility in soil No data available.

Other adverse effects No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Local disposal regulations Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

Hazardous waste code The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste disposal company.

Waste from residues / unused products Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions).

Contaminated packaging Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.

14. Transport information

DOT

UN number	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	Paint including paint, lacquer, enamel, stain, shellac solutions, varnish, polish, liquid filler, and liquid lacquer base
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	3
Subsidiary risk	-
Label(s)	3
Packing group	II
Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
Special provisions	149, B52, IB2, T4, TP1, TP8, TP28
Packaging exceptions	150
Packaging non bulk	173
Packaging bulk	242

IATA

UN number	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	Paint (including paint, lacquer, enamel, stain, shellac, varnish, polish, liquid filler and liquid lacquer base)
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	3
Subsidiary risk	-
Packing group	II
Environmental hazards	No.
ERG Code	3L
Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
Other information	
Passenger and cargo aircraft	Allowed.
Cargo aircraft only	Allowed.

IMDG

UN number UN1263
UN proper shipping name PAINT (including paint, lacquer, enamel, stain, shellac, varnish, polish, liquid filler and liquid lacquer base) or PAINT RELATED MATERIAL (including paint thinning or reducing compound)
Transport hazard class(es)
Class 3
Subsidiary risk -
Packing group II
Environmental hazards
Marine pollutant No.
EmS F-E, S-E
Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code Not established.

DOT**IATA; IMDG****15. Regulatory information**

US federal regulations This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

ACETONE (CAS 67-64-1)	Listed.
METHYL ISOBUTYL KETONE(MIBK) (CAS 108-10-1)	Listed.
n-BUTYL ACETATE (CAS 123-86-4)	Listed.
STYRENE MONOMER (CAS 100-42-5)	Listed.

SARA 304 Emergency release notification

Not regulated.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not listed.

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

Hazard categories Immediate Hazard - Yes
 Delayed Hazard - Yes
 Fire Hazard - Yes
 Pressure Hazard - No
 Reactivity Hazard - No

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Not listed.

SARA 311/312 Hazardous chemical No**SARA 313 (TRI reporting)**

Chemical name	CAS number	% by wt.
STYRENE MONOMER	100-42-5	10 - < 20
METHYL ISOBUTYL KETONE(MIBK)	108-10-1	1 - < 3

Other federal regulations**Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List**METHYL ISOBUTYL KETONE(MIBK) (CAS 108-10-1)
STYRENE MONOMER (CAS 100-42-5)**Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)**

Not regulated.

Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) Not regulated.**Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 2, Essential Chemicals (21 CFR 1310.02(b) and 1310.04(f)(2) and Chemical Code Number**ACETONE (CAS 67-64-1) 6532
METHYL ISOBUTYL KETONE(MIBK) (CAS 108-10-1) 6715**Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 1 & 2 Exempt Chemical Mixtures (21 CFR 1310.12(c))**ACETONE (CAS 67-64-1) 35 %WV
METHYL ISOBUTYL KETONE(MIBK) (CAS 108-10-1) 35 %WV**DEA Exempt Chemical Mixtures Code Number**ACETONE (CAS 67-64-1) 6532
METHYL ISOBUTYL KETONE(MIBK) (CAS 108-10-1) 6715**US state regulations****US. California Controlled Substances. CA Department of Justice (California Health and Safety Code Section 11100)**

Not listed.

US. California. Candidate Chemicals List. Safer Consumer Products Regulations (Cal. Code Regs, tit. 22, 69502.3, subd. (a))ACETONE (CAS 67-64-1)
CRYSTALLINE SILICA QUARTZ (CAS 14808-60-7)
MAGNESIUM SILICATE (CAS 14807-96-6)
METHYL ISOBUTYL KETONE(MIBK) (CAS 108-10-1)
SOLVENT NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM), LIGHT ALIPHATIC (CAS 64742-89-8)
STYRENE MONOMER (CAS 100-42-5)**US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List**ACETONE (CAS 67-64-1)
CALCIUM CARBONATE, LIMESTONE (CAS 1317-65-3)
CRYSTALLINE SILICA QUARTZ (CAS 14808-60-7)
IRON (III) OXIDE (CAS 1309-37-1)
MAGNESIUM SILICATE (CAS 14807-96-6)
METHYL ISOBUTYL KETONE(MIBK) (CAS 108-10-1)
n-BUTYL ACETATE (CAS 123-86-4)
STYRENE MONOMER (CAS 100-42-5)**US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act**ACETONE (CAS 67-64-1)
CALCIUM CARBONATE, LIMESTONE (CAS 1317-65-3)
CRYSTALLINE SILICA QUARTZ (CAS 14808-60-7)
IRON (III) OXIDE (CAS 1309-37-1)
MAGNESIUM SILICATE (CAS 14807-96-6)
METHYL ISOBUTYL KETONE(MIBK) (CAS 108-10-1)
n-BUTYL ACETATE (CAS 123-86-4)
STYRENE MONOMER (CAS 100-42-5)**US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law**

ACETONE (CAS 67-64-1)

CALCIUM CARBONATE, LIMESTONE (CAS 1317-65-3)
 CRYSTALLINE SILICA QUARTZ (CAS 14808-60-7)
 IRON (III) OXIDE (CAS 1309-37-1)
 MAGNESIUM SILICATE (CAS 14807-96-6)
 METHYL ISOBUTYL KETONE(MIBK) (CAS 108-10-1)
 n-BUTYL ACETATE (CAS 123-86-4)
 STYRENE MONOMER (CAS 100-42-5)

US. Rhode Island RTK

ACETONE (CAS 67-64-1)
 METHYL ISOBUTYL KETONE(MIBK) (CAS 108-10-1)
 n-BUTYL ACETATE (CAS 123-86-4)
 STYRENE MONOMER (CAS 100-42-5)

US. California Proposition 65

WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Carcinogenic substance

BENZENE (CAS 71-43-2)	Listed: February 27, 1987
CRYSTALLINE SILICA QUARTZ (CAS 14808-60-7)	Listed: October 1, 1988
METHYL ISOBUTYL KETONE(MIBK) (CAS 108-10-1)	Listed: November 4, 2011
TITANIUM DIOXIDE (CAS 13463-67-7)	Listed: September 2, 2011

US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Developmental toxin

BENZENE (CAS 71-43-2)	Listed: December 26, 1997
METHYL ISOBUTYL KETONE(MIBK) (CAS 108-10-1)	Listed: March 28, 2014

US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Male reproductive toxin

BENZENE (CAS 71-43-2)	Listed: December 26, 1997
-----------------------	---------------------------


International Inventories

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	Yes

*A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)

A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue date	11-30-2015
Version #	01
HMIS® ratings	Health: 2* Flammability: 3 Physical hazard: 0
NFPA ratings	Health: 2 Flammability: 3 Instability: 0
NFPA ratings	

Disclaimer

The information contained herein is based on data supplied to us from sources believed to be reliable at the date of issue. Nothing herein shall be deemed to create any warranty of any kind, express or implied, concerning the accuracy or completeness of the information provided or the results to be obtained from the use thereof. It is offered for your consideration, investigation and verification. Buyer assumes all risk of use, storage, transportation, handling and disposal of the product in compliance with applicable federal, state and local laws and regulations. This information relates to the material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials nor in any process.